

Vision

At Kender we promote positive attitudes towards each other through the Kender Values. We provide a curriculum that is rich and diverse, all our curriculum areas are underpinned by our curriculum aims which are:

- To develop and build upon knowledge and skills year upon year.
- To raise aspiration so that children can reach their full potential.
- To develop self confidence, self belief and self control.
- To ensure that children are able to develop their own identity and are provided with role models who can help them to do this.
- To provide a wealth of experiences both academic and practical so that children can develop life skills.
- To engage with the local community and make links with the local area to enrich then children's learning and experience.
- To embed the Kender Values throughout the curriculum as they encompass all that we are trying to achieve.

RE	Music	Art	History	English
Faith and Belief Belonging/community The natural world Being a good citizen Philosophy	Singing Listening Composing Performing Musicianships Pulse beat Rhythm Pitch Instruments and playing techniques	Design and make Draw Paint Sculpt Generating ideas Making links Exploring artists Sketchbooks Evaluate	Time lines and Chronology Artefacts Interpretation, enquiry, analysis Cause and consequence Change and continuity Past and Present Fact and Fiction	Speaking and Listening Vocabulary Phonics Handwriting Reading Spelling Punctuation Grammar Writing Composition Transcription
Science	PE		Computing	MFL (KS2) French
Working scientifically Materials Animals including humans Plants Everyday materials Investigations	s Games Gymnastics Dance Yoga Swimming Athletics Orienteering	Kender Curriculum 2022-23	E-safety Programming Handing data Multimedia Technology in our lives	Speaking and listening Vocabulary Reading Writing Grammar
PSHE/RSE/MHWB/C	ZS/BV	DT	Geography	Maths
Relationships and health ed Drug, alcohol and tobacc (DATE) Keeping safe and man Mental health and emotion Physical health and w Identity, society and e	o education aging risk hal wellbeing ellbeing	Using technology Construction/joining Practical skills Designing skills Textiles Cooking and nutrition Evaluating n	Map and Atlas work Place and locational knowledge Humans and physical geography Geographical skills and field work Impact of humans on the environment Economy	Fluency Reasoning Problem solving Number - Place Value Addition and subtraction, multiplication and division, fractions Measurements Geometry

Wider Curriculum

We offer a wide range of sporting opportunities including:

- Swimming lessons;
- Dance and gymnastic lessons;
- PE lessons led by sports coaches, which ensure progression in sports skills across the school;

We have a specialist Art teacher who enhances children's creativity through different media enhanced by local art community projects and in partnership with the South London Gallery, Bold Tendencies and British Council.

We contribute to children's life skills and Social, Moral, Spiritual and Cultural Development through experiences within the classroom and beyond. These opportunities include: Forest School, residential trips, making links with businesses, participating in sporting events and educational visits - including to places of worship.

Our involvement with the Opal Play Project – recognised nationally - and our school play philosophy encourages creativity, emotional and social development, independence and risk taking amongst our pupils.

Through a positive and caring ethos and meaningful curriculum, we provide the opportunity for every child strive to reach their full potential, becoming successful citizens.



Intent - We aim to...

"Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) education is a school subject through which pupils develop the knowledge, skills and attributes they need to manage their lives, now and in the future. These skills and attributes help pupils to stay healthy, safe and prepare them for life and work in modern Britain. When taught well, PSHE education helps pupils to achieve their academic potential, and leave school equipped with skills they will need throughout later life." PSHE Association.

PSHE includes the compulsory subjects of relationships and health education. Sex and relationship education is best taught as part of a comprehensive PSHE curriculum. The revised You, Me PSHE resource reflects modern times, with practical guidance and ideas, assisting schools to provide children with the vital, good quality PSHE lessons they are entitled to, to be safer in an ever- changing world.

Implementation. How do we achieve our aims?

We follow You, ME and PSHE curriculum an outline of content is below and a link to the document. You, Me, PSHE is suitable for all primary schools mainstream, special, PRUs and independent - to adapt and use to meet the needs of their pupils. You, Me, PSHE builds on pupils' learning through the Early Years Foundation Stage, especially in the prime areas of personal, social and emotional development and physical development.

YOU, ME AND PSHE is divided into 6 strands	Whole so	hool curriculu	um overview				
1. Relationships and health education (RHE)		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
 Drug, alcohol and tobacco education (DATE) Keeping safe and managing risk Mental health and emotional wellbeing Physical health and wellbeing Identity, society and equality 	Autumn 1	Physical health and wellbeing Fun times	Physical health and wellbeing What keeps me healthy?	Drug, alcohol and tobacco education Tobacco is a drug	Identity, society and equality Democracy	Physical health and wellbeing In the media	Relationships and health education Healthy relationships
	Autumn 2	Keeping safe and managing risk Feeling safe	Mental health and emotional wellbeing Friendship	Keeping safe and managing risk Bullying – see it, say it, stop it	Drug, alcohol and tobacco education Making choices	Identity, society and equality Stereotypes, discrimination and prejudice	Relationships and health education Healthy relationships
	Spring 1	Identity, society and equality	Relationships and health education	Mental health and emotional wellbeing	Physical health and wellbeing	Keeping safe and managing risk	Drug, alcohol and tobacco education
YOU, ME and PSHE		Me and others	Boys and girls, families	Strengths and challenges	What is important to me?	Making safer choices	Weighing up risk
 The curriculum has a series of comprehensive plans for each year groups. Teachers are expected to annotate and adapt the plans to their class needs. PSHE should be taught a least once a fortnight. Essential elements of PSHE teaching are Ground rules 	Spring 2	Drug, alcohol and tobacco education What do we put into and on to bodies?	Relationships and health education Boys and girls, families	Identity, society and equality Celebrating difference	Keeping safe and managing risk Playing safe	Mental health and emotional wellbeing Dealing with feelings	Identity, society and equality Human rights
	Summer 1	Mental health and emotional wellbeing Feelings	Keeping safe and managing risk Indoors and outdoors	Careers, financial capability and economic wellbeing Saving, spending and budgeting	Relationships and health education Growing up and changing	Drug, alcohol and tobacco education Different influences	Mental health and emotional wellbeing Healthy minds
 Special designated time for the lesson Supportive environment Start from the children's need 	Summer 2	Careers, financial capability and economic wellbeing My money	Drug, alcohol and tobacco education Medicines and me	Physical health and wellbeing What helps me choose?	Relationships and health education Growing up and changing	Careers, financial capability and economic wellbeing Borrowing and earning money	Keeping safe and managing risk Keeping safe - out and about FGM (female genital mutilation)
EYFS					KS1		
By the end of EYFS, pupils will be	able to:		В	By the end of Ke	y Stage 1, pup	ils will be able to	:
 Begin to develop and form positive relationships. Show sensitivity towards the needs of others. Show self-confidence and awareness by trying new things and taking risks. Manage feelings and behaviour. Show and talk about your own emotions and those of others. Be able to differentiate between positive and negative behaviour and understand that negative behaviour has consequences. 			 Develop your awareness of themselves in familiar contexts such as school and home. Understand how your behaviour impacts on others around them. Be able to identify what makes us all individuals and unique and celebrate diversity. Articulate your understanding of bullying and recognise the negative impact it has. Express how you can succeed and work collaboratively to achieve a goal. Understand how your body has changed from being a baby and describe the private parts of your bodies. Understand what kinds of things are healthy or unhealthy. 				

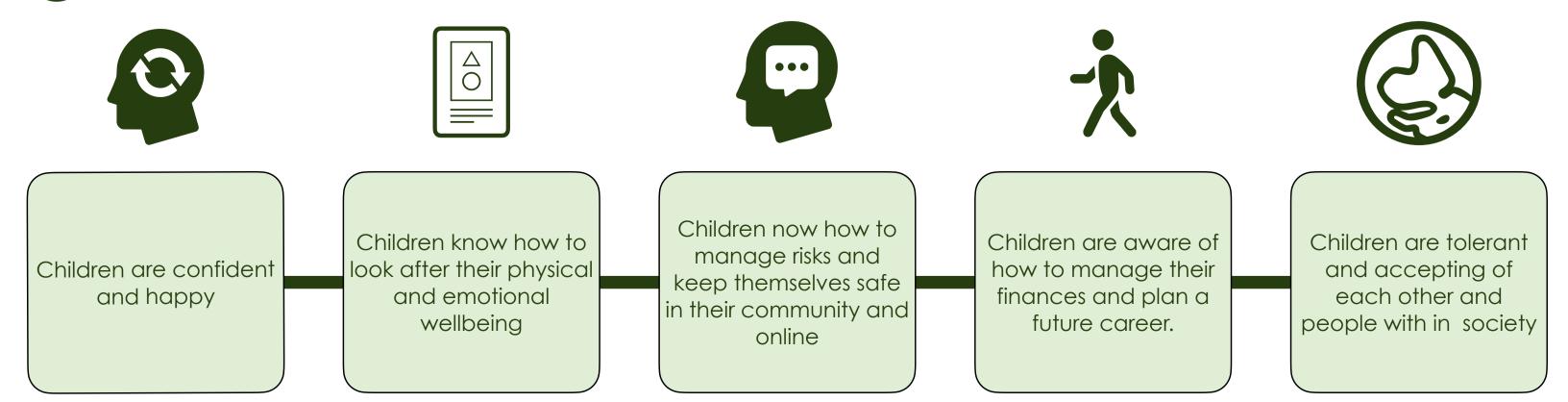
KS2

By the end of Key Stage 2, pupils will be able to:

- Apply your understanding of themselves and others in a wider context such as your communities and the rest of the world.
- Understand how to manage your emotions effectively.
- Understand more deeply the diverse world we live in and how discriminatory behaviour has a huge effect on people in all cultures and those who are part of the protected characteristics groups.
- Understand how your bodies change through puberty and into adulthood.
- Further your understanding of how lifestyle choices can have a dramatic effect on your health and wellbeing, including drugs, cigarettes and alcohol.
- Set themselves aspirational targets that will help them as you progress into key stage 3.
- Use the knowledge you have gained and apply it by becoming a positive role model and global citizen.

Impact - How will we know we have achieved our aims?







Drug, alcohol and tobac	co education (DATE)				
Y1 What do we put into and on to bodies?	Y2 Medicines and me	Y3 Tobacco is a drug	Y4 Making choices	Y5 Different influences	<mark>Y6</mark> Weighing up risk
 Pupils learn about what can go into bodies and how it can make people feel Pupils are able to recognise that different things people put into bodies can make them feel good or not so good can identify whether a substance might be harmful to take in know how to ask for help if they are unsure about whether something should go into the body 	 Pupils learn why medicines are taken Pupils understand that the purpose of medicines is to help people stay healthy, get well or feel better if they are ill know that medicines come in different forms recognise that each medicine has a specific use 	 Pupils learn the definition of a drug and that drugs (including medicines) can be harmful to people Pupils are able to define what is meant by the word 'drug' can identify when a drug might be harmful recognise that tobacco is a drug 	 Pupils learn that there are drugs (other than medicines) that are common in everyday life, and why people choose to use them Pupils are aware of drugs that are common in everyday life, such as caffeine, alcohol, tobacco or nicotine products, and when they might be used can identify why a person may choose to use or not use a drug are able to state some alternatives to using drugs 	 Pupils learn about the risks associated with smoking drugs, including cigarettes, e-cigarettes, shisha and cannabis Know about different smoking drugs, including cigarettes, e-cigarettes, shisha and cannabis understand the similarities and differences in the risks of smoking cigarettes, e-cigarettes, shisha and cannabis in relation to health, money, social effects and the law understand that there are risks associated with all smoking drugs 	 Pupils learn about the risks associated with using different drugs, including tobacco and nicotine products, alcohol, solvents, medicines and other legal and illegal drugs Pupils know about some of the possible effects and risks of different drugs know that some drugs are restricted or that it is illegal to own, use and supply them to others understand why and when people might use drugs
 2. Pupils learn about what can go on to bodies and how it can make people feel Pupils know that substances can be absorbed through the skin are able to recognise that different things that people put on to bodies can make them feel good or not so good can state some basic safety rules for things that go onto the body 	 2. Pupils learn where medicines come from Pupils know that medicines can be prescribed by a doctor or bought from a shop or pharmacy know when medicines might be used and who decides which medicine is used understand there are alternatives to taking medicines, and when these might be helpful 	 2. Pupils learn about the effects and risks of smoking tobacco and secondhand smoke Pupils know the effects and risks of smoking and of secondhand smoke on the body can express what they think are the most important benefits of remaining smoke free recognise that laws related to smoking aim to help people to stay healthy, with a particular concern about young people and secondhand smoke 	 2. Pupils learn about the effects and risks of drinking alcohol Pupils know how alcohol can affect the body explain why drinking alcohol may pose a greater or lesser risk, depending on the individual and the amount of alcohol consumed know that there are laws and guidelines related to the consumption of alcohol 	 2. Pupils learn about different influences on drug use –alcohol, tobacco and nicotine products Pupils can identify conflicting messages presented in the media in relation to alcohol, tobacco and nicotine products can describe some of the other influences that surround a person's decision about whether to smoke or drink alcohol recognise that there are many influences on us at any time 	 2. Pupils learn about assessing the level of risk in different situations involving drug use Pupils can explain why risk depends on the drug itself, the person using the drug and the situation – when and where the person is, and who they are with can identify risks within a given scenario involving drug use understand what would need to change to reduce the level of risk
	 3. Pupils learn about keeping themselves safe around medicines Pupils understand that medicines come with instructions to ensure they are used safely know some safety rules for using and storing medicines recognise that medicines can be harmful if not taken correctly 	 3. Pupils learn about the help available for people to remain smoke free or stop smoking Pupils know about some of the support and medicines that people might use to help them stop smoking can explain what they might say or do to help someone who wants to stop smoking understand that there are benefits for people who choose to stop smoking but that it can be hard for someone to stop smoking once they have started 	 3. Pupils learn about different patterns of behaviour that are related to drug use Pupils can explain what is meant by the terms 'habit' and 'addiction' can identify different behaviours that are related to drug use know where they can go for help if they are concerned about someone's use of drugs 	 3. Pupils learn strategies to resist pressure from others about whether to use drugs –smoking drugs and alcohol Pupils can describe some strategies that people can use if they feel under pressure in relation to drug use can demonstrate some ways to respond to pressure concerning drug use recognise that, even if people feel pressure from others about drug use, they can make an informed choice and act on it 	 3. Pupils learn about ways to manage risk in situations involving drug use Pupils can identify situations where drug use may occur know some ways of reducing risk in situations involving drug use know where to get help, advice and support regarding drug use

Drug, alcohol and tobacco education (DATE) **Y1 Y2 Y3 Y4 Y5 Y6** Weighing up risk What do we put into and on Tobacco is a drug Medicines and me Making choices **Different influences** to bodies? Asthma lesson for either Year 2, 3 or 4 Pupils learn that medicines can be used to manage and treat medical conditions such as asthma, and that it is important to follow instructions for their use Pupils know what asthma is and how it can affect people · can recognise the symptoms of an asthma attack • understand how people with asthma can look after themselves - treating asthma as a condition and treating an asthma attack

Y1 Feelings	Y2 Friendship	Y3 Strengths and Challenges	Y4 No specific unit of work for this year group. Mental health is covered in Year 4 RHE: puberty (emotions, feelings, behaviour and relationships)	Y5 Dealing with feelings	Y6 Healthy minds
 Pupils learn about different types of feelings Can name different feelings (including emotions that make us feel good and not-so-good) recognise that people may feel differently about the same situation Can identify how different emotions look and feel in the body 	 Pupils learn about the importance of special people in their lives Pupils can identify people who are special to them and explain why understand what makes a good friend can demonstrate how they show someone they care 	 Pupils learn about celebrating achievements and setting personal goals Pupils explain how it feels to be challenged, try something new or difficult can plan the steps required to help achieve a goal or challenge are able to celebrate their own and others' skills, strengths and attributes 		 Pupils learn about a wide range of emotions and feelings and how these are experienced in the body Pupils are able to name and describe a wide range and intensity of emotions and feelings understand how the same feeling can be expressed differently recognise how emotions can be expressed appropriately in different situations 	 Pupils learn what mental health is Pupils know that mental health is about emotions, moods and feelings - how we think, feel and behave recognise that everyone has a state of mental health that changes frequently; that any on state is not necessarily permanent know what mental health help, advice and support is available
 2. Pupils learn about managing different feelings Pupils recognise that some feelings can be stronger than others can describe some ways of managing different feelings know when to ask for help 	 2. Pupils learn about making friends and who can help with friendships (on and offline) Pupils understand how people might feel if they are left out or excluded from friendships recognise when someone needs a friend and know some ways to approach making friends know who they can talk to if they are worried about friendships 	 2. Pupils learn about dealing with put-downs Pupils explain what is meant by a put-up or put down and how this can affect people can demonstrate a range of strategies for dealing with put-downs recognise what is special about themselves 		 2. Pupils learn about times of change and how this can make people feel Pupils identify situations when someone may feel conflicting emotions due to change can identify ways of positively coping with times of change recognise that change will affect everyone at some time in their life 	 2. Pupils learn about what can affect mental health and some ways of dealing with this Pupils recognise what can affect a person's mental health know some ways of dealing with stress and how people can get help and support understand that anyone can be affected by mental ill health
 3. Pupils learn about change or loss and how this can feel Pupils are able to give an example of when people might experience change or loss (for example, a lost toy, when a pet dies, moving home or school) can describe how people might feel when there is a change or loss recognise what they can do to help themselves or someone else who may be feeling unhappy 	 3. Pupils learn about solving problems that might arise with friendships (on and offline) Pupils can identify some ways that friendships can go wrong can describe some ways to sort out friendship problems recognise that difficulties within friendships can usually be resolved 	 3. Pupils learn about positive ways to deal with setbacks Pupils can describe how it feels when there are setbacks know some positive ways to manage setbacks and how to ask for help or support recognise that everyone has setbacks at times, and that these cannot always be controlled 		 3. Pupils learn about the feelings associated with loss, grief and bereavement Pupils recognise that at times of loss, there is a period of grief that people go through understand there are a range of feelings that accompany bereavement and know that these are necessary and important know some ways of expressing feelings related to grief 	 3. Pupils learn about some everyday ways to look after mental health Pupils know some everyday ways of looking after mental health can explain why looking after mental health is as important as looking after physical health understand that some things that support mental health will also support physical health

Mental health and emotional wellbeing								
Y1 Feelings	Y2 Friendship	Y3 Strengths and Challenges	Y4 No specific unit of work for this year group. Mental health is covered in Year 4 RHE: puberty (emotions, feelings, behaviour and relationships)	Y5 Dealing with feelings	Y6 Healthy minds			
					 4. Pupils learn about the stigma and discrimination that can surround mental health Pupils recognise that stigma and discrimination of people living with mental health problems can and does exist explain the negative effect that this can have know what can help to have a more positive effect (and therefore reduce stigma and discrimination) 			

N/4	NO.	No		N/F	N/C
Y1 Feeling safe	Y2 Indoors and outdoors	Y3 Bullying - see it, say it, stop it	Y4 Playing safe	Y5 Making safer choices	Y6 Keeping safe - out and about
 Pupils learn about safety in familiar situations Pupils recognise the difference between 'real' and 'imaginary' dangers understand that there are situations when secrets should not be kept know to tell a trusted adult if they feel unsafe 	 Pupils learn about keeping safe in the home, including fire safety Pupils know some simple rules for keeping safe indoors, including online can describe what to do if there is an emergency understand that they can take some responsibility for their own safety 	 Pupils learn to recognise bullying (including online) and how it can make people feel Pupils are able to define 'bullying' are able to define 'cyberbullying' can identify the difference between falling out with someone and bullying understand how bullying can make people feel and why this is unacceptable 	 Pupils learn how to be safe in their computer gaming habits Pupils know about the age rating / classification system and understand why some games are not appropriate for children to play can evaluate whether a computer game is suitable for them to play and explain why are able to share opinions about computer games 	 Pupils learn about keeping safe online Pupils understand that people can be influenced by things online can explain why what they see online might not be trustworthy know when and how to report something that makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable 	 Pupils learn about feelings of being out and about in the local area with increasing independence Pupils are aware of potential risks when our and about in the local area describe a range of feelings associated with being out and about understand that people can make assumptions about others that migh not reflect reality
 2. Pupils learn about personal safety Pupils recognise the difference between good and bad touches understand there are parts of the body which are private know who they can go to, what to say or do if they feel unsafe or worried 	 2. Pupils learn about keeping safe online, including the benefits of going online Pupils know a range of rules for keeping safe online can describe the benefits and risks of going online understand how they can take some responsibility for their own online safety and where to go for help 	 2. Pupils learn about different types of bullying and how to respond to incidents of bullying Pupils can name different types of bullying (including cyberbullying, racism) can identify the different ways bullying can happen (including online) can describe how they would respond in a range of situations relating to falling out and bullying, including how to get help 	 2. Pupils learn about keeping safe near roads, rail, water, building sites and around fireworks Pupils can identify and assess the level of risk of different activities in the local environment recognise that in some situations there may pressure to behave in a way that doesn't feel safe can identify some ways to respond to unhelpful pressure 	 2. Pupils learn how to stay safe when communicating with other people online Pupils can compare different kinds of online communication including friendships can describe the benefits and risks of online-only friendships can describe how to respond to an online only friend if the friend ask something that makes them uncomfortable 	 2. Pupils learn about recognising ar responding to peer pressure Pupils can identify risky behaviour in peer groups recognise and respond to peer pressure and who they can ask for help understand how people feel if they are asked to do something they are unsure about
 3. Pupils learn about people who help keep them safe outside the home Pupils can identify situations where they might need help can identify people in the community who can help to keep them safe know how to ask for help if they need it 	 3. Pupils learn about keeping safe outside Pupils know some rules for keeping safe outside can assess whether a situation is safe or unsafe understand the importance of always telling someone where they are going or playing 	 3. Pupils learn about what to do if they witness bullying Pupils can explain how to react if they witness bullying understand the role of bystanders and the important part they play in reducing bullying know how and to whom to report incidents of bullying, where to get help and support 	 3. Pupils learn about what to do in an emergency and basic emergency first aid procedures Pupils are able to assess what to do in an emergency can carry out some simple first aid procedures for different needs can demonstrate how to ask for help from a range of emergency services 	 3. Pupils learn that violence within relationships is not acceptable Pupils know what is meant by domestic violence and abuse understand that nobody should experience violence within a relationship know what to do if they experience violence/ where to go for help, advice and support 	 3. Pupils learn about the consequences of anti-social behaviour (including gangs and gang related behaviour) Pupils know some of the consequences of anti-social behaviour, including the law describe ways to resist peer pressu recognise they have responsibility for their behaviour and actions

Keeping safe and manag	Keeping safe and managing risk								
Y1 Feeling safe	Y2 Indoors and outdoors	Y3 Bullying - see it, say it, stop it	Y4 Playing safe	Y5 Making safer choices	Y6 Keeping safe - out and about				

 4. Pupils learn about road safety Pupils can identify hazards in relation to road safety are able to explain how to cross the road safely recognise that there are rules in relation to road safety for all road users 		 4. Pupils learn about problems that can occur when someone goes missing from home Pupils understand some of the reasons that might cause a young person to run away or be absent from home can identify the potential risks and dangers of running away or going missing know who to talk to if they feel like running away 	
			Additional lesson: schools should consider including this lesson, as part of safeguarding and RHE policy development. Pupils should be taught the Year 5/6 RHE lessons before this lesson.
			 ADDITIONAL LESSON Pupils learn about the importance for girls to be protected against female genital mutilation (FGM) Pupils know that FGM is a form of abuse understand everyone has a right to be protected against harm to their bodies know where and how someone can get help and support

Physical health and wellbeing								
Y1 Fun times	Y2 What keeps me healthy?	Y3 What helps me choose?	Y4 What is important to me?	Y5 In the media	Y6 No specific unit of work for this year group. Healthy eating and physical activity is covered in Year 6 Mental health and emotional wellbeing: Healthy Minds			
 Pupils learn about food that is associated with special times, in different cultures Pupils know about some of the food and drinks associated with different celebrations and customs can identify what makes their home lives similar or different to others including the food they eat understand why food eaten on special days may be different from everyday foods 	 Pupils learn about eating well Pupils know what a healthy diet looks like can identify who helps them make choices about the food they eat know the benefits of a healthy diet (including oral health) 	 Pupils learn about making healthy choices about food and drinks Pupils can use the Eatwell guide to help make informed choices about what they eat and drink can describe situations when they have to make choices about their food and drink understand who and what (including the role of the internet) influences their choices about food and drinks 	 Pupils learn why people may eat or avoid certain foods (religious, moral, cultural or health reasons) Pupils can explain why a person may avoid certain foods are able to communicate their own personal food needs understand that people may follow a particular diet based on their religious, moral, cultural background or for health reasons 	 Pupils learn that messages given on food adverts can be misleading Pupils know that food and drink adverts can use misleading marketing messages in order to make a product seem healthier for consumers can compare the health benefits of a food or drink product in comparison with an advertising campaign identify advertising as one influence on people's choices about food and drink 				
 2. Pupils learn about active playground games from around the world Pupils can describe how to play different active playground games can recognise how active playground games make them feel can make choices about which game to play, based on their feelings, likes and dislikes and what they are good at 	 2. Pupils learn about the importance of physical activity, sleep and rest Pupils can describe some ways of being physically active throughout the day explain why it is important to rest and get enough sleep, as well as be active understand that an hour a day of physical activity is important for good mental and physical health 	 2. Pupils learn about how branding can affect what foods people choose to buy Pupils can explain why people are attracted to different brands are able to compare similar products according to packaging, taste, cost and explain which they think is the best 'value for money' understand how this can affect what food people buy 	 2. Pupils learn about other factors that contribute to people's food choices (such as ethical farming, fair trade and seasonality) Pupils can identify factors that might influence people's choices about the food they buy (e.g. ethical farming, fair trade, seasonality) are able to talk about their views and express their opinions on factors that affect food choice understand that consumers may have different views on the food they eat and how it is produced and farmed 	 2. Pupils learn about role models Pupils are able to analyse how the media portray celebrities recognise that celebrities can be presented as role models and that they may be a good or not-so-good role model for young people can explain why we need to be cautious about things we see, hear or read about in the media 				
 3. Pupils learn about sun-safety Pupils know about some of the effects of too much sun on the body can describe what people can do to protect their bodies from being damaged by the sun know what they will need and who to ask for help if they are going out in strong sun 	 3. Pupils learn about how germs are spread, how we can prevent them spreading and people who help us stay healthy and well Pupils know about the roles of people who help them to stay healthy (including giving vaccinations) can describe everyday routines to help take care of their bodies, including oral health understand how basic hygiene routines can stop the spread of disease 	 3. Pupils learn about keeping active and some of the challenges of this Pupils are able to identify a range of physical activities that help mental and physical health are able to evaluate the levels of physical activity in different pastimes can identify some choices they have about how to spend their free time 	 3. Children learn about the importance of getting enough sleep Pupils explain the importance of sleep for health and wellbeing know what can help people relax and sleep well recognise the impact that too much screen time can have on a person's health and wellbeing 	 3. Pupils learn about how the media can manipulate images and that these images may not reflect reality Pupils understand that images can be changed or manipulated by the media and how this can differ from reality can describe how the media portrayal might affect people's feelings about themselves accept and respect that people 				

Identity, society and equality							
Y1 Me and others	Y2 No specific unit of work for this year group. Friendship is covered in the mental health and emotional wellbeing unit for Year 2. Caring for others and different families is covered in SRE.	Y3 Celebrating difference	Y4 Democracy	Y5 Stereotypes, discrimination and prejudice	Y6 Human rights		
 Pupils learn about what makes themselves and others special Can recognise some of the things that make them special can describe ways they are similar and different to others understand that everyone has something about them that makes them special 		 Pupils learn about valuing the similarities and differences between themselves and others Pupils know that differences and similarities between people arise from a number of factors including family, culture, age, gender, personal interests, belief recognise they have shared interests and experiences with others in their class as well as with people in the wider world understand that peers might be similar or different to each other but can play or work together 	 Pupils learn about Britain as a democratic society Pupils understand that Britain is a democratic society and what this means know that there are different political parties who differ in their views understand that people have opportunities to influence decisions by voting in elections 	 Pupils learn about stereotyping, including gender stereotyping Pupils can explain what is meant by the word 'stereotype' identify stereotypes as presented in the media and wider world feel able to challenge gender stereotypes 	 Pupils learn about people who have moved to Islington from other places, (including the experience of refugees) Pupils understand what migration means identify the reasons why people move from one place to another are able to empathise with the experiences and challenges moving and settling in new place might bring 		
 2. Pupils learn about roles and responsibilities at home and school Pupils can identify the different roles of people at home and school can solve simple dilemmas about taking responsibility can explain why it is important to take responsibility at school and at home (including looking after the local environment) 		 2. Pupils learn about what is meant by community Pupils can explain what being part of a community means can recognise some of the different groups or communities they belong to and their role within them value and appreciate the diverse communities which exist and how they connect 	 2. Pupils learn about how laws are made Pupils know how laws are made and the importance of following them understand the contribution and influence that individuals and organisations can have on social and environmental change recognise that laws help to keep people safe 	 2. Workshop from Diversity Role Models An in-school workshop featuring LGBT or straight ally role models who speak directly to young people about their experiences. Or Workshop from Equaliteach In school workshops looking at stereotypes and thinking critically about information received from the media, online, family and friends. 	 2. Pupils learn about human rights and the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child Pupils are aware how the rights are relevant to their lives and that rights come with responsibilities understand that individual humar rights can sometimes conflict with the circumstances in a country identify some of the organisations that represent and support the rights of the child and the difference they make 		

Identity, society and equality **Y1 Y6 Y4 Y3 Y5** Y2 No specific unit of work for this year group. Friendship is covered in the mental health and emotional wellbeing unit for Year 2. Caring for Stereotypes, discrimination Human rights and prejudice Me and others Celebrating difference Democracy others and different families is covered in SRE. 3. Pupils learn about belonging 3. Pupils learn about being 3. Pupils learn about the 3. Pupils learn about 3. Pupils learn about prejudice co-operative with others and discrimination and how to groups local council homelessness this can make people feel Pupils Pupils Pupils Pupils • can recognise different types of • understand the local council • can identify positive and negative Pupils • can explain what make a place helpful and unhelpful behaviour in • identify some discriminatory aspects of being a member of a organises services under the where someone lives a 'home' the playground and in the guidance of central government language (homophobic, sexist, group • to be able to appreciate the classroom disablist, racist and transphobic) difficulties of being homeless or can acknowledge that there may recognise there are limited can challenge unhelpful be times when they don't agree living in temporary resources for the needs of the know what to do if they behaviour in a positive way with others in the group community experience discriminatory accommodation • understand how their behaviour • can stand up for their own point know that people may have know about organisations and language at school can affect others • understand how discriminatory initiatives (including charities) that of view against opposition different views about how council language can make people feel work with the homeless or people money should be spent and that this is unacceptable living in temporary accommodation

Y1 My money	Y2 No specific unit of work for this year group.	Y3 Saving, spending and budgeting	Y4 No specific unit of work for this year group.	Y5 Borrowing and earning money	Y6 No specific unit of work for this year group.
 Pupils learn about where money comes from and making choices when spending money Pupils understand that people get money in different ways (earn, win, find, presents, pocket money, borrow, benefits) recognise that people make choices about what to buy understand that they may not always be able to have all the things they want 		 Pupils learn about what influences people's choices about spending and saving money Pupils understand how manufacturers and shops persuade us to spend money are able to recognise when people are trying to pressurise them to spend their money and how this feels can make decisions about whether something is 'value for money' 		 Pupils learn that money can be borrowed but there are risks associated with this Pupils understand there are different ways that people can pay for something (including online, loans, credit cards and hire-purchase schemes) can explain the difference between manageable and unmanageable debt and how this can make people feel can identify where people can access reliable information and support 	
 2. Pupils learn about saving money and how to keep it safe Pupils understand why people might want to save their money can say how it feels to save for something you really want recognise where money is stored to keep it safe and some places are safer than others 		 2. Pupils learn how people can keep track of their money Pupils can keep simple records to keep track of their money can ask simple questions about needs and wants - decide how to spend and save their money know the best places people can go for help about money 		 2. Pupils learn about enterprise Pupils can identify skills that make someone enterprising know what is needed to plan and set up an enterprise can weigh up the risks and benefits of running an enterprise and explain what makes a successful enterprise 	
 3. Pupils learn about the different jobs people do Pupils know that there are a range of jobs that people can do recognise that both men and women are able to do a range of jobs understand that having a job means people can earn money 		 3. Pupils learn about the world of work Pupils know there are a range of jobs, paid and unpaid, including shift work, full-time, part-time work know about a number of different jobs people do can identify the skills and attributes needed for different jobs 		 3. Pupils learn what influences people's decisions about careers Pupils understand that money is one factor in choosing a job and that some jobs pay more than others can debate the extent to which a person's salary is more or less important to job satisfaction understand how people choose what job to do 	



Relationships and health education

EYFS	Year One	Year Two	Year Three	Year Four	Year Five	Year Six			
Pupils learn about self care eg washing hands, going to the toilet, developing understanding about touch appropriate and inappropriate touch - perhaps using the PANTS lessons NSPCC.	Pupils learn about personal safety.	Pupils learn to understand and respect the differences and similarities between people.	Pupils learn biological differences between male and female children (Parents have the right to withdraw their children from these lessons) Pupils learn about growing from young to old and that they are growing and changing	Pupils learn about the way we grow and change throughout the human life cycle	Pupils learn about menstruation and wet dreams	Pupils learn about the changes that occur dur puberty			
Pupils learn about personal safety.	Pupils learn about people who help keep them safe outside the home.	Pupils learn about the biological differences between male and female animals and their role in the life cycle	Pupils learn about growing from young to old and that they are growing and changing	Pupils learn the physical changes associated with puberty Pupils learn about the impact of puberty on physical hygiene and strategies for managing this	Pupils learn how puberty affects emotions and behaviour and strategies for dealing with this	Pupils learn what values important to them in relationships and to appreciate the importa of friendship in intimate relationships			
Pupils learn about people who help keep them safe outside the home. Pupils learn to manage different feelings	Pupils learn to manage different feelings	Pupils learn that everybody needs to be cared for and ways in which they care for others		Pupils learn about the impact of puberty on physical hygiene and strategies for managing this	Pupils learn to answer each other's questions about puberty with confidence, to seek support and advice when they need it.	Pupils learn abut human reproduction in the con of the human life cycle (Parents have the right t withdraw their children f these lessons)			
Pupils learn to manage different feelings Pupils learn about what makes themselves and others special	Pupils learn about what makes themselves and others special				Pupils learn to consider different attitudes and values around gender stereotyping and sexuality and consider their origin and impact	Pupils learn to answer ea other's questions about and relationships with confidence, where to fir support and advice whe they need it.			
Pupils learn about what makes themselves and others special	Pupils learn about roles and responsibilities at home and school				Pupils learn about roles and responsibilities of parents and carers.	Pupils learn some myths misconceptions about H who it affects and how it can and cannot be transmitted. (Parents have the right t withdraw their children f these lessons) Pupils le that contraception can used to stop a baby bei conceived. (Parents have the right t withdraw a their children from these lessons)			
	Pupils learn about being co- operative with others.					Pupils learn how a baby made and grows (conception and pregnancy) (Parents have the right t withdraw their children t these lessons)			
Pupils learn about being co- operative with others. Through stories and discussions pupils will learn about different types of family and relationship	Pupils learn about different types of families, including same sex parents - emphasis on all different types of family.								
	Pupils will learn to respect and accept differences and challenge stereotypes.								

